AMEB Exam Cheat Sheet *NB:* this simply is a practise sheet to help with exam questions and answers.

Mazurka (William Gillock)

What does the title mean?

A mazurka is the national Polish dance, in 3/4 time (simple triple time), featuring dotted rhythm and sometimes accent on the 2nd or 3rd beat. The Polish national anthem is a mazurka and Chopin (Polish composer) wrote many mazurkas for the piano.

What key is this in? A minor.

Notation: Tempo di Mazurka - at the speed of a mazurka = c108-(16 Metronome marking - around 108 to 116 crotchets per minute f - forte - loud 3/4 - time signature - 3 crotchet beats per bar - simple triple time $\overset{3}{4}$ Treble clef - notes in higher range are written here \heartsuit Bass clef - notes in a lower range are written here \bigcirc -Stave/staff - the 5 lines and 4 spaces that music is written on Barlines - divides the music into equal bars Slurs - play legato (smooth and well-connected) Ledger lines - lines that are added to notes outside the staff chesc. Crescendo - gradually getting louder Double bar lines - denotes the end of the piece Bar numbers - the small numbers found at the beginning of each line Fingering - numbers below and above the notes to show which fingers to use Staccato - short and detached touch Staccato + slur - mezzo staccato - moderately short and detached touch mp - mezzo piano - moderately soft M mf - mezzo forte - moderately loud mf Tenuto - stress the note by holding for full value

Crotchet rest - rest for 1 beat
Sharp - raise the note a semitone #
Flat - lower the note a semitone \oint
Natural - cancel the sharp or flat accidental \mathfrak{H}
Accent - play the note loudly
Whole bar rest- rest for a whole bar

Also need to know the note names (eg ABCDEFG) and rhythmical values (eg crotchets, minims, semibreves, quavers, semiquavers etc).

