

AMEB Exam Cheat Sheet NB: this simply is a practise sheet to help with exam questions and answers.

A Raggy Tune (Duro)



What does the title mean?

A raggy tune means a melody written using syncopated 'ragged' rhythms, like ragtime. This piece is from a larger work titled Finger Jogging Boogie.

What key is this in?

C major

Notation:

Bright - play using a cheerful bright character and tempo

Metronome marking - around 150 crotchets per minute $\text{♩} = c.150$

f - forte - loud *f*

mf - mezzo forte - moderately loud *mf*

4/4 - time signature - 4 crotchet beats per bar - simple quadruple time $\frac{4}{4}$

Treble clef - notes in higher range are written here

Bass clef - notes in a lower range are written here

Stave/staff - the 5 lines and 4 spaces that music is written on

Barlines - divides the music into equal bars

Slurs - play *legato* (smooth and well-connected)

Ledger lines - lines that are added to notes outside the staff

Crescendo - gradually getting louder

Double bar lines - denotes the end of the piece

Bar numbers - the small numbers found at the beginning of each line

Fingering - numbers below and above the notes to show which fingers to use

Staccato - short and detached touch

ff - fortissimo - very loud *ff*

Crotchet rest - rest for 1 beat

Minim rest - rest for 2 beats

Also need to know the note names (eg ABCDEFG) and rhythmical values (eg crotchets, minims, semibreves, quavers, semiquavers etc).